

Miss Crawford

many thanks for  
your kindness in securing  
for me the loan of a book  
I have been seeking for  
20 years. I have sent a  
review to Simpson Lockridge  
he called in Comrade Ashton  
and they say <sup>my</sup> memory is  
correct. Orville Earl of Brazil  
and Benjamin Williams of Green  
Castle only five of us surviving  
out of the 100 members of Co A  
78<sup>th</sup> Ind. There were three  
companies of our Regt in the fight.  
Johnson says a whole Regt. Col  
Will Harrow commanded us  
and Toll Grooms was his Adjutant

Two companies were from  
Park County. Captain Lightman  
Howard (son of and namesake  
of one of the most illustrious  
and successful Democratic  
Political Office holders) was  
killed twenty of us were  
wounded. Johnson rarely  
uses dates and does not  
enumerate casualties. He  
made us take the oath not  
to take arms <sup>again</sup> against the  
Confederates until we were  
more farsold. Instead of  
sending in our names to  
Jeff Davis Secy of War Randolph  
Johnson carried the list  
with him and it was  
recovered after he was shot blind  
and captured

some time late in July <sup>1864</sup> He  
had an opportunity to send  
these parole papers to head  
quarters in Richmond Va because  
he sent his <sup>own</sup> muster roll  
by one of his Captains S. P.  
Cunningham to Richmond Va.  
At that time Johnson was a  
General and had 1700 men.  
He had ordered a conscription  
of all men in Ky. He recovered  
was released from the Louisville  
jail, returned to his beloved  
State of Texas where he led an  
industrious life. When a young  
man he had training in  
war in Texas.

I volunteered to go on the skirmish line; that gave me a view of Johnson's force. A little squad of cavalry on our right then in front of us some 200 men and boys on foot armed with shot guns or anything they could pick up. He did not have enough to intercept our men who escaped up the river and were picked up next day by a steamer. Johnson and his surgeon were the only men who wore anything like uniforms. The fight was on the 1st day of Sept 62. Johnson left that night because he knew reinforcements were coming. His men were sick, he said. Some of them probably had lead poison from our Enfield rifles.

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